# Combination Therapies by Traditional Veterinary Medicine and Conventional Treatment for Demodicosis in a Dog

Pan-Chen Liu<sup>1</sup>, Cheng-Hung Lai<sup>1</sup>, Sang-Hun Kim<sup>2</sup>, Kun-Ho Song<sup>2</sup> and Duck-Hwan Kim<sup>2</sup>\*

<sup>1</sup>College of Veterinary Medicine, National Chung Hsing University, Taichung 40227, Taiwan, <sup>2</sup>Research Institute of Veterinary Medicine and College of Veterinary Medicine, Chungnam National University,

Daejeon 305-764, Korea

**초 록:** 수컷 미니어쳐 핀셔 (9 개월령, 체중: 2.3 kg)가 대만 중흥대학 부속동물병원에 피부병변을 주호소로 내원하였고, 전신 모낭충증으로 진단되었다. Laser-AP apparatus를 이용하여 7회에 걸쳐 laser 침치료를 실 시하였다. 사용혈위는 GV-14 (대추), BL-13 (폐수), LI-11 (곡지), BL-40 (위중), ST-36 (족삼리), SP-6 (삼 음교) 및 SP-10 (혈해) 이었다. 또한, ivermectin 수침 (0.1 ml, 1회, GV-1 (교소혈)에 10주간 실시하였다. 그리고, 십미패독탕 (0.1 g/kg), 황련상청환 (0.1 g/kg) 및 오미소독음 (0.1 g/kg)을 각각 투여하였다 (BID, PO, 10주). 통상적인 치료로는 amoxicillin (20 mg,/kg, BID, PO), cyproheptadine hydrochloride (4 mg/head, SID, PO) 및 pyridoxine hydrochloride (50 mg/head, BID, PO) 을 각각 투여하였다. 그 결과, 전신의 피부 병변은 거의 정상 수준으로 회복되었다. 따라서 본 환축은 전통수의학적 및 통상적인 치료의 병용요법으로 양호한 결과를 나타낸 개 모낭충증의 증례이다.

주요어: 전통수의학적 치료, 통상적인 치료, 개 모낭충증

# Introduction

Canine demodicosis is a commonly encountered skin disease in small animal clinical practice and long term treatment is needed for complete recovery<sup>1-5</sup>. In human medicine, laser acupuncture (AP) therapy has been used for the treatment of various human diseases, including acne vulgaris<sup>6-8</sup>, neurogenic pruritus<sup>9</sup>, pleurisy<sup>10</sup>, orthopedic disease<sup>11</sup> and bronchial asthma<sup>12</sup>, and even anesthesia<sup>13</sup>.

However, as for AP treatment especially for treatment of canine skin disease, therapeutic effects by needle-AP, with cyanocobalamin<sup>14</sup> and aqua-AP with antibiotics<sup>15</sup> were investigated. There have been no reports on the therapeutic effect of laser-AP for the treatment of canine skin disease up to present, except some cases of induced disease<sup>16-19</sup>. Here, we report a case of canine generalized demodicosishad a favorable therapeutic response to laser AP, aqua-AP with ivermectin and administration of herbal medicine

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author: 042-821-6756, dhkim@cnu.ac.kr

in combination with conventional treatment.

## Case

#### Case history

A male Miniature Pinscher dog (9-month-old, BW: 2.3 kg) with the chief complaint of the skin disease was referred to the Veterinary Medical Teaching Hospital (VMTH), National Chung Hsing University (NCHU) in Taiwan. The patient had skin lesions over 8 months prior to admission. He was previously treated at a local veterinary clinic, but there were no clinical improvement. This case was diagnosed as generalized demodicosis by a scraping test at the initial admission.

### Therapeutic findings

Laser AP was performed by using a laser AP apparatus [Traveller(TW 10/50), Biophoton Co., Saint Alban, France, frequency: 25, one minute/ acupoint] from session 1 to session 7 (Fig 1). The used acupoints were GV-14 (Da Zhui), BL-13 (Fei Shu, both), LI-11 (Qu Chi, both), BL-40 (Wei Zhong, both), ST-36 (Zu San Li, both), SP-6 (San Yin Jiao, both) and SP-10 (Xue Hai, both), respectively (Fig.2). In addition, aqua-AP with ivermectin (Baymec<sup>®</sup>, 10 mg/ml, Korea LTD, Seoul, Korea, 0,1 ml, Ivomec, once /week) was also doneat GV-1 (Jiao Chiao) from sessions 1 to 10. Herbal medicines (KODA Co. Tao Yuan, Taiwan) including Shyr Wey Bai Du Tang (0.1 g/kg), Huang Lian Jie Du Tang (0.1 g/kg) and Wuu Wey Shiau Dwu Yiin (0.1 g/kg) were administered BID, PO from sessions 1 to 10. As a conventional treatment, amoxicillin (amoxicillin granule<sup>®</sup>. 20 mg/kg. China Chemical & Pharmaceutical Co., LTD, Taichung, Taiwan, BID, PO), cyproheptadine hydrochloride (Perian Tablet<sup>®</sup>, 4 mg/head, De Jiao Pharmaceutical Co, Tao Yuan, Taiwan, MID, PO) and pyridoxine hydrochloride (vitamin B6<sup>®</sup>, 50 mg/head, Taiwan Chemical Co., Tao Yuan, Taiwan, BID, PO) were prescribed for this patient.



**Fig 1.** Laser-acupuncture at ST-36 (Zu San Li) acupoint.

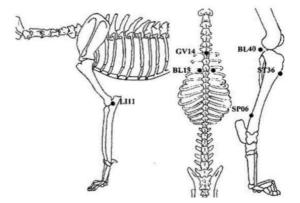


Fig 2. The used acupoints in this case.

The generalized skin lesions of the patient revealed almost normal through sessions 1(Fig 1) to session 10 (Fig 2).

## Discussion

In human medicine, Lihong<sup>7</sup> reported a cure rate of 77.8% in the treatment group and 46.9% in the control group, indicating that He-Ne laser auricular irradiation plus body AP may produce better results for acne vulgaris. In addition, Gold<sup>6</sup> described that lasers and light sources might be useful in the treatment of moderate to severe inflammatory acne vulgaris. Furthermore, Stellon<sup>9</sup> mentioned the successful laser AP treatment of a girl with neurogenic pruritus of the abdomen and suggested that the laser was particularly useful when treating children.

In this study, the authors treated a case of canine demodicosis using laser AP, aqua-AP with ivermectin and administration of herbal medicine combined with conventional treatment. As a result, this patient had a favorable therapeutic response. Kim et al.<sup>16-19</sup> reported that the laser-AP group had a relatively fast recovery from induced liver disease, spleen, pancreas and urinary bladder disease, thoracic disease and renal disease, compared

with electro-AP and needle-AP groups. In the present case, laser-AP may play a role in the treatment of skin lesions. like human acne vulgaris<sup>6,7,20</sup>. The mechanism of laser AP should be elucidated in the near future. In addition, Jun et al.<sup>15</sup> reported that aqua-AP with antibiotics was an effective treatment for 3 cases of canine authors demodicosis. However. the applied aqua-AP with ivermectin into the GV-1acupoint to improve the parasiticidal effect. The therapeutic effects of this method should be further elucidated by increasing the number of patients in future.

In addition, the authors administered herbal medicines in the current case. Shyr Wey Bay Du Tang contains Radix Bupleuri, Cortex Pruni, Radix Platycodi, Rhizoma Ligustici, Hoelen, Radix Angelicae Tuhuo, Radix Sapo Shinkoviae, Radix Glycyrrhizae, Rhizoma ZinggiberisRecens and Herba Schizonepetae. The main effect of Shyr Wei Bay Du Tang is the removal of inner and outer Xi and detoxification, and it can be used for the treatment of conditions such as frunkle, pustule, phlegmone, lymphangitis, inflammation of



Fig 3. Skin lesions before treatment showed severe lesions can be seen over the body.



Fig 4. Recovered skin lesions after treatment reveal almost normal finding.

the mammary gland, sinusitis, dermatitis, eczema, rhinitis and otitis externa. Huang Lian Jie Du Tang contains Rhizoma Coptidis. Radix Scutellariae, Cortex Phellodendri and Fructus Gardeniae. The main benefits of Huang Lian Jie Du Tang are almost the same as Wuu Wey Shiao Du Yiin and it is used for the treatment of various diseases including eczema, urticaria. dermatitis and skin pruritus etc. Wuu Wey Shiau Du Yiin is composed of Flos Lonicerae, Flos Chrysanthemi, Herba Turaxaci, Herba violae and Radix semiquiegiae. The main benefits of Wuu Wey Shiao Dwu Yiin are the removal of fever and detoxification. It is applicable for the treatment of frunkle, pustule and swelling in various kinds of skin, muscle, joint and organ, suppurative dermatitis and eczema etc<sup>21</sup>.

In the present report a favorable therapeutic response was thought to be attributed to the synergistic effects of laser-AP, aqua-AP with ivermectin and administration of herbal medicine combined with conventional treatment. More precise research on laser-AP with a greater number of patients with various skin diseases should be performed in future.

## References

- Duclos DD, Jeffers JG, Shanley KJ.Prognosis for treatment of adult-onset demodicosis in dogs: 34 cases. J Am Vet Med Assoc 1994: 204: 616-619.
- Folz SD, Kratzer DD, Conklin RD et al. Evaluation of a topical treatment alone, and in combination with a detergent, for generalized demodicosis. Vet Parasitol 1985: 17: 165-172.
- Holm BR,Efficacy of milbernycin oxime in treatment of canine generalized demodicosis: a retrospective study of 99 dogs (1995-2000). Vet Dermatol 2003; 14: 189-195.

- Ristic Z, Medleau L, Paradis M et al.Ivermectin for treatment of generalized demodicosis in dogs. J Am Vet Med Assoc 1995; 207: 1308-1310.
- 5. Scott DW, Miller WH, Griffin CE. Small animal dermatology. 6th ed. St Louis: Saunders, 2001: 263-268.
- Gold MH. Acne vugaris: laser, light sources and photodynamic therapy-an update. Expert Rev Anti Infect Ther 2007; 5: 1059-1069.
- Lihong S.He-Ne laser auricular irradiation plus body acupuncture for treatment of acne vulgaris in 36 cases. J Tradit Chin Med 2006; 26: 193-194.
- Ortiz A, Van Vliet M, Lask GP et al. A review of lasers and light sources in the treatment of acne vulgaris. J Cosmet Laser Ther 2005; 7: 69-75.
- Stellon A. The use of laser acupuncture for the treatment of neurogenic pruritus in a child-a case history. Acupunct Med 2005: 23: 31-33.
- Milojevic M, Kuruc V. Laser biostimulation in the treatment of pleurisy. Med Pregl 2003: 56: 516-520.
- Schuller BK, Neugebauer EA.Evidence for laser acupuncture in cases of orthopedic diseases: a systematic review. Schmerz 2008; 22: 9-15.
- Milojevic M, Kuruc V. Low power laser biostimulation in the treatment of bronchial asthma.Pregl 2003: 56: 413-418.
- Qin JN. Laser acupuncture anesthesia and therapy in People's Republic of China. Ann Acad Med Singpore 1987; 16: 261-263.
- Schoen AM, Veterinary Acupuncture. St Louis: Mosby, 1994; 269-275.
- 15. Jun HK, Han JW, Oh HU et al. Injectionacupuncture combined by conventional treatment in canine demodicosis: case report. J Vet Clin 2007: 24: 432-436.

- Kim MC, Shin ST, Byn HS et al. The studies on treatment of liver disease using lasers and acupuncture in dogs. J Vet Clin 1998; 15: 319-324.
- Kim MC, Byun HS, Kim DH et al. The studies on treatment of spleens, pancreas and urinary bladder disease using lasers and acupuncture in dogs. J Vet Clin 1998; 15: 331-338.
- Kim MC, Kim JM, Park JO et al. The studies on treatment of thoracic disease using lasers and acupuncture in dogs. Vet Clin 1998: 15: 339-345.
- Kim MC, Byun HS, Jung JM et al. The studies on treatment of renal disease using lasers and acupuncture in dogs. J Vet Clin 1998; 15: 325-330.
- Borelli C, Merk K, Plewig G et al. Light, laser and PDT therapy for acne. Hautarzt 2005: 56: 1027-1032.
- Koda Pharmacological Co. Chang Yong Fang Ji Shan Ji. 7th ed. Taiwan: Tou Yuan, 2003;
  9